Table 3. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry sector and employment size, South Carolina, 2014

Industry sector ²	All establishments	Establishment employment size (workers)					
		1 to 10	11 to 49	50 to 249	250 to 999	1,000 or more	
All industries including state and local government ³	3.0	1.3	2.6	3.8	3.2	3.5	
Private industry ³	2.8	1.3	2.5	3.7	2.9	2.9	
Goods-producing ³	2.7		2.5	3.5	2.1	3.4	
Natural resources and mining ^{3,4}	3.9		4.1	5.0	5.3		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ³	4.0		4.6	5.2	5.3		
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁴	2.7						
Construction	1.6		1.3	2.5	0.9		
Manufacturing	3.0		3.3	3.7	2.1	3.4	
Service-providing	2.8	1.3	2.5	3.8	3.5	2.6	
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁵	3.4	1.9	3.6	4.0	4.4	1.3	
Wholesale trade	2.7		2.2	3.1	4.3		
Retail trade	3.9		4.5	4.1	4.9		
Transportation and warehousing ⁵	3.2		3.2	4.1	4.1	2.5	
Utilities	2.5						
Information	1.2			2.7			
Finance, insurance, and real estate	1.0		0.7	0.7	1.2	1.0	
Finance and insurance	0.5				1.0	1.0	
Real estate and rental and leasing	2.2		1.4				
Professional and business services	1.7		1.4	3.0	1.6	0.6	
Professional, scientific, and technical services	0.8			1.7	1.2	0.6	
Management of companies and enterprises	0.7				0.8		
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	2.9		2.2	4.3	2.0	0.5	
Educational and health services	3.7		2.5	4.4	4.8	5.3	
Educational services	1.5				2.1		
Health care and social assistance	4.0		2.7	4.7	5.9	5.5	
Leisure, entertainment, and hospitality	3.4		3.2	3.9	5.4		
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	3.7			3.7			
Accommodation and food services	3.3		3.1	3.9	5.6		
Other services (except public administration)	1.3			3.6	3.4		
State and local government ³	4.4		4.1	4.6	4.7	4.3	
State government ³	2.8		3.9	2.5	3.5	2.3	
Local government ³	5.1		4.3	5.2	5.8	5.0	

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Industry sector ²	All establishments	Establishment employment size (workers)									
		1 to 10	11 to 49	50 to 249	250 to 999	1,000 or more					
Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where N											
NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data	do not meet publ	ication guidelines.									
SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occup	oational Injuries ar	nd Illnesses in coopera	ation with participati	ng state agencies, Od	ctober 26, 2015						